

**1) DAO THE TUAN: Theories of the Development**

Theories of development are theoretical basis for the development of the developing countries. Development sciences was formed in the 50s, which aiming at policy helping countries in the third delivering from indigent situation.

In this article, the author briefed and analyzed the development theories hitherto; put forward the lessons for which the developing countries have been undergoing; reassessed these theories, such as the role of agricultural production, export strategy, human factor, the role of market, and so on. The author analyzed developmental strategies and compared strong and weak points among these strategies.

**2) LE DANG DOANH: Market Economy with the State control and Social Welfare**

The author put forward the features of market economy, strong aspects as well as shortcomings of market mechanism, through which raised the role of the state in regulating market mechanism.

The author emphasized: social welfare is an active factor for the economic dynamic and efficiency; even in the condition of market mechanism. The author also analyzed different points of view about market economy, the active role of the state and social welfare, analyzed experiences of some countries in using the role of the state in applying mechanism of market economy, especially in education, health, care system, making social policies compatible, both grow up economy and take into account human beings and social problems.

**3) NGUYEN HUU MINH: Study of VietNam Working Class from Social Structure Approach – some Matters Noteworthy.**

Based on the review of the recent studies about Vietnam working class this article raised some issues which are worthy of note in sociology research in order to make contribution to definition of real situation and transformed tendency of social structure of Vietnam working class before basic changes of economy. According to the author the main issues which should have been studied more are:

1. The concept of the working class;
2. Short stop in education level of working class in coming years and consequence of that tendency;
3. Sociological aspects of enhancement of the specific level of workers in the condition of frequent innovation of equipment;
4. Assess the social active of Vietnam working class nowadays and factors affect on this matter;
5. Interrelationship between social groups inside working class;

6. Social mobility of Vietnam working class (study supplement the source of working class, social mobility in vertical and horizontal; social mobility among generation and inside of generation).

**4) TO DUY HOP: Progressive Orientation of Transformation of Social Labour – Profession Structure in Contemporary Bacbo Delta Rural Area.**

Progressive social – economic oriented transformation of social labour – profession structure in contemporary Bacbo delta rural area with specific traits such as how the redivision of social labour – profession in conformity with the growth demand of commodity business and produce, the expansion of democratization in rural areas.

In the diversified and rich tokens in the process redivision of social labour – profession in rural, the article focused on analyzing statistic data and sociological survey in Bacbo delta rural areas. The results indicated clearly the formation of three kinds of division of social labour – profession (in community, household and labour groups); 1) Strong decline in pure agricultural labour, increase non-agricultural labour and synthetic business; 2) Agriculture occupied major part but taking strong orientation to synthetic business; 3) Agriculture occupied main part although there is new change but proportion of non-agriculture and synthetic business are not considerable.

Foresee that the process of non-agriculturalization will take place continuously closely connected with new type of urbanization and industrialization.

**5) NGUYEN DUC TRUYEN: From Social Approach, Making Contribution to Find out matters to Prostitution and AIDS Disease in Our Country.**

According to the sociological perspective which the author raised in this article, prostitution is a common phenomenon in many countries and ages. However, pernicious extent of the malady may modify depend on cultural social and political environment in each country.

The article touched upon legal perception about prostitution, put forward prostitution in our country nowadays with statistic data and report in newspapers. The author also analyzed factors: economy, personality, family and society in the matter of prostitution from that giving the solution for this malady.

**6) TRUONG XUAN TRUONG: Dynamic of Cultural Family Model through Sociological Research.**

In this article, the author analyzed dynamics of cultural family model through finding out value orientation of family structure; their children; women in the family. Based on the results of sociological inquiry, with cultural approach, this article indicated complex evolution the dimension of effects about cultural family model in rural area. This article also affirmed

the appearance of the new cultural family pattern comparing with traditional one. That is a process of transformation from close structure to open structure, from lenthways to multiple dimensions of relationship from system of behaviour to system of behaviour more diversity and plausible. According to the author, the emergence of this cultural model is first base for Vietnam rural development.

#### **7) TRAN THI QUE: About Economic – Social Policies Tend to Surmount Indegent Situation in the North Mountain Area.**

Up to now, the economy in the North moutain area does transform basically from nature economy to commodity economy, the life of the minority people still has approximate minimum standards of living and does not break out from the poverty plight, although the government has helped to develop the mountain area in many ways. This article contributed some opinions to build up a synchronous policy system in order to develop economy and secure social progress in this area. From analysis of the indegent level and different incomes in the mountain area, the author put forward some important problems which should be to solved in the scope of macro policies to overcome this situation:

1. Land policy;
2. Capital policy;
3. Production organization;
4. Redistribution of income as an important policy.

#### **8) SOCIOLOGYCAL FORUM**

The worshop about: “The transformation of social labour – profession structure in Bacbo delta rural area” base on results of sociological inquiries in three communities: Daton Ninh Hiep and Bat Trang (Gia Lam district, the suburb of Ha Noi) conducted by rural department, Institute of sociology in October, November and December, 1991.

The reports in the workshop focused on: the transformation of social labour – profession structure and the process of urbanization in three communities of the suburbance of Ha Noi (Phan Quoc Thang and Nguyen Phan Lam) second work in rural areas, the solution for problems of labour and employment (Phi Van Ba), real situation of labour profession and some social problems of the youth in rural areas (Dang Nguyen Anh), attitudes of inhabitant areas groups towards education and profession of their children in rural areas (Khuat Thu Hong, Nguyen Thi Van).